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# Attention COFA Premium Assistance Program Enrollee

This is a reminder to send HealthCare.gov any requested documents from your recent application for health coverage and premium tax credits. If you received an orange paper with your COFA Premium Assistance Program Welcome letter, it will show the person(s) name and documents requested. If you don't return this information by the date on the notice you risk losing your 2020 health coverage.

Watch for your tax form 1095-A from HealthCare.gov. You need this to file taxes for 2019 to keep getting help to pay for your health plan, even if you did not have income.

You must file taxes by April 15, 2020, even if you did not have a job or your yearly income is less than the minimum amount to file. We have a helpful video to explain why you should file taxes on our website [www.oregonhealthcare.gov/cofa](http://www.oregonhealthcare.gov/cofa) in English, Chuukese, Marshallese, Palauan and Pohnpeian. You can get free tax help from the following:

Cash Oregon at <https://cashoregon.org/>

VITA at <https://www.irs.gov/individuals/free-tax-return-preparation-for-you-by-volunteers>

IRS Free File at <https://www.irs.gov/filing/free-file-do-your-federal-taxes-for-free>

You can still file or make corrections to your 2017 or 2018 taxes if you received health premium tax credits and did not use your Form 1095-A. If you did not report your 2017 or 2018 tax credits you risk losing help paying for your premiums in 2020. If you need a copy of your 2017 or 2018 Form 1095-A call HealthCare.gov at 800-318-2596 (toll-free).

2019 Reimbursement claims. We may be able to pay you back for any money you paid to see your doctor or to get medications. You must send us copies of your payment receipt, health plan Explanation of Benefits (EOB) and signed Medical Reimbursement Claim form no later than April 30, 2020.

If you moved to Oregon from another state where you were enrolled in health coverage and applied to the DCBS COFA Premium Assistance Program, you cannot have coverage from both states at the same time. Be sure to cancel your other coverage. If you have not canceled your coverage you will have to pay back premiums or tax credits paid while you have coverage by both states and may owe money to the health insurance company or the federal government.